

# 7 days prior to your procedure stop taking or eating the following:

- Iron supplements
- Fiber supplements such as Metamucil, Citrucel and Fiberall
- On teat nuts, seeds, popcorn, or corn (other examples include tomatoes, granola with dried fruit, raisins).

Take all other medications.

#### PLEASE CALL THE OFFICE IF:

- You are diabetic.
- You are pregnant.
- You are on Coumadin, Warfarin, Plavix or any other anti-coagulation therapy.
- You have an artificial heart valve, internal cardiac defibrillator (ICD), prior history of heart valve infection or require antibiotics prior to medical procedures.
- You are on dialysis, or have chronic kidney disease and see a kidney specialist.



Innovation & Caring for Digestive Health

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## GETTING READY

## **SUPERPREP**

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE OR CONGESTIVE HEART FAILURE LEVEL 1



Portland Gastroenterology

Innovation & Caring for Digestive Health

# Purchase the following prescription items from your local pharmacy:

Two 4-liter bottles of GoLYTELY or the generic GaviLyte-G.



# Purchase the following item from any pharmacy or grocery store:

Simethicone (the generic) or Gas-X anti-gas tablets, either 125 mg or 180 mg. You will need 2 tablets.



#### TWO DAYS BEFORE Your PROCEDURE

If adding a flavor pack that comes with the bottle, tear open the flavor pack and pour the contents into the bottle. The, mix each 4-liter bottle of GoLYTELY or the generic GaviLyte-G with lukewarm tap water to the gallon level mark. Shake or stir each bottle of the solution until it's well mixed. Place them in the refrigerator.

OK to eat one meal, before 11 AM, but only from the following list of foods:

- Boiled or poached egg
- Cottage cheese
- Yogurt (no granola or fruit chunks in it)
- Chicken, turkey or fish without skin
- White bread or toast without butter
- Plain tofu

Drink ONLY clear liquids. Clear liquids may be taken up to 3 hours before your procedure.

DO NOT EAT SOLID FOOD.

A clear liquid is one that you can see through. (NOTHING RED, PURPLE OR BLUE).

#### EXAMPLES OF CLEAR LIQUIDS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- Clear beef or chicken broth, such as bouillon cubes dissolved in water
- Popsicles, except for red, purple or blue
- Coconut water (NOT coconut milk)
- Strained fruit juice, such as apple or white grape juice
- Coffee and tea (without cream or dairy products)
- Gatorade
- Soft drinks
- Kool-Aid
- Jell-O

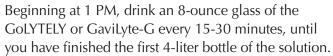












### On the day BEFORE your procedure

Beginning at 1 PM, drink an 8-ounce glass of the GoLYTELY or GaviLyte-G every 15-30 minutes until you have finished the second bottle of the solution. Then, take 2 Simethicone or Gas-X tablets. These tablets should be the last thing you take by mouth before your procedure, except your usual medications with a sip of water.



Your stool should be clear and yellow. The chart below will help you judge your progress! ▼

**HERE ARE SOME TIPS!** Rapid drinking of each portion is better than drinking small amounts continuously.

As you drink the mixture you may feel nauseous, or like you need to use the bathroom. It's a good idea to stay close to your bathroom while you drink the mixture. If you do start to feel nauseous, stop drinking the prep solution for a while until the feeling passes, then resume.

About 1 to 2 hours after you've started drinking the prep solution, you should have started having bowel movements.



NOT OK



NOT OK



NOT OK



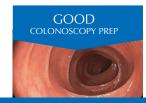


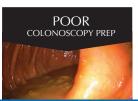
YELLOW AND CLEAR, LIKE URINE
YOU'RE READY!

### The Importance of a GOOD PREP

Your prep is one of the most important parts of your colonoscopy. Without a good prep—your bowel empty and clean—your gastroenterologist will not be able to see your colon clearly. This could lead to missing a polyp or rescheduling your colonoscopy.

Here are photos that show the difference between a good prep and a bad prep, so you can see why prep is important.





#### **IMPORTANT NOTES**

#### What are the risks?

Colonoscopy is a standard medical procedure, but all such procedures have some risks. These problems do not happen often.

- 1. Rarely, the instrument may tear the wall of the colon. This may require surgery.
- 2. There may be adverse drug reactions or heart/breathing complications.
- 3. In rare instances, bleeding may occur, usually when tissue or polyps are removed. This may mean being admitted to the hospital for additional care which may require a transfusion or surgery.

Important: You must bring someone who will meet you inside the recovery area after your procedure and drive you home.

A ride service driver or taxi driver is not acceptable.

Preferably, your driver will remain in our waiting room, or be available with 15 minutes notice.

Please leave all jewelry at home. Plan on being at the facility approximately 2 to 2.5 hours from arrival to departure. If you have any questions, please call the office at 773-7964.